

Factor by Grouping

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Ex. 1

$$\frac{(x^2 + 2x - 6x - 12)}{x \quad x} =$$

$$x(x+2) - 6(x+2)$$

$$(x+2)(x-6)$$

Ex. 2

$$\frac{(6x^2 - 15x) + 2x - 5}{3x \quad 3x} =$$

$$3x(2x-5) + 1(2x-5)$$

$$(2x-5)(3x+1)$$

If $ax^2 + bx + c \dots$

$$2x^2 + 7x + 6$$

Steps to follow

1. Multiply a and c
2. Find the factors of that product which add/subtract to get b
3. Rewrite ax^2 and c with two terms (spaces) between
4. Write the factors in the two spaces between
5. Factor by grouping

FACTOR the following polynomials.

$\frac{a \cdot c}{12 \times 4}$

$1. 3x^2 + 7x + 4$

$(3x^2 + 3x + 4x + 4)$

$3x(x+1) + 4(x+1)$

$(x+1)(3x+4)$

$2. 6a^2 + 17a + 12$

$(6a^2 + 9a) + (8a + 12)$

$3a(2a+3) + 4(2a+3)$

$(2a+3)(3a+4)$

FACTOR the following polynomials.

$\frac{-160}{32 \times -5}$

$3. 20k^2 + 27k - 8$

$(20k^2 + 32k) + (-5k - 8)$

$4k(5k+8) - 1(5k+8)$

$(5k+8)(4k-1)$

$4. 9x^2 - 25xy - 6y^2$

$(9x^2 - 27xy) + (2xy - 6y^2)$

$9x(x-3y) + 2y(x-3y)$

$(x-3y)(9x+2y)$